



THE COMMONWEALTH OF THE BAHAMAS
REQUIREMENTS FOR BAREBOAT REGISTRATION – BAHAMAS
AS SECONDARY FLAG

Listed below are the requirements for a vessel primarily registered with another Flag to be bareboat registered with the Bahamas.

		Provided	Date
Requirements			
Requirements for Provisional and Permanent Registration of Existing Ships	Form R101c		
Written request from the registered owner to bareboat register the vessel with the Bahamas			
Certified true copy of the bareboat charter agreement			
Written consent of all Mortgagees (if any) to the bareboat registration with the Bahamas			
Written consent from the primary Registry			
Fees (Please see BMA Bulletin No. 81)			
Documents to be issued			
Consent Letter			
Continuous Synopsis Record			
Certificate of Registry			
Safe Manning Document			
Radio Licence			
Bunker CLC (All vessels over 1000 GT)			
Oil Pollution CLC (Tankers only)			
Wreck Removal CLC (All vessels over 300 GT)			
DMLC – Part 1			
MLC Statement of Acceptance			
LRIT Conformance Test Report			

Additional guidance:

1. Registered Owner

- a) The owner or owner’s duly appointed representative should complete and supply all documents.

Supporting documentation (i.e. copy of the notarised Power of Attorney and/or constitutional corporate documents) required to confirm capacity and/or authority of the signatory.

- b) Details of the registered owner will appear on the issued registration certificates, i.e. Certificate of Registry, Radio Licence, etc (as opposed to the details of the Charterer).

2. Bareboat Charterer

- a) The Bareboat Charterer must be a Bahamian Company. The Charterer must submit a copy of the Bahamas Certificate of Incorporation and an original Certificate of Good Standing (must be less than 3 months old).

3. Request/Consent Letter

- a) Ensure the respective Letter is (i) on the letterhead of the company (ii) addressed to the Registrar of Bahamian Ships (iii) signed by an authorised person of the company and (iv) contain details of the parties and period of the bareboat charter. The Mortgagee’s consent must be executed by the Mortgagee and not under Power of Attorney.

A draft copy may be submitted to the Registrar for pre-clearance.